

A Study on the Impact of Artificial Intelligence on Employment Trends and Workforce Dynamics

¹Manjunatha M K, ²Dr. Pramod Udupa. B

¹Manjunatha M K, Associate Professor Department of Commerce and Management. Lal Bahaddur Shastri Govt First Grade College, Dinnur Main Road, RT Nagar, Bangalore-560032

²Dr. Pramod Udupa. B Assistant Professor, Government First Grade College, Channapatna, Ramanagara District, Bangalore, Karnataka

DOI : <https://doi.org/10.51583/IJLTEMAS.2025.1412000006>

Received: 11 December 2025; Accepted: 18 December 2025; Published: 26 December 2025

ABSTRACT

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is rapidly transforming the nature of work across industries by automating routine tasks, improving productivity, and enabling data-driven decision-making. While AI contributes to efficiency and innovation, it also raises concerns related to job displacement, skill obsolescence, and workforce uncertainty. This study examines the impact of AI on employment trends and workforce dynamics across selected industries in India. Data collected from 150 employees working in IT, manufacturing, and service sectors reveal that AI simultaneously leads to job displacement and job creation, with a significant increase in demand for advanced skills. Correlation analysis shows a strong positive relationship between AI adoption and productivity, skill requirements, and employment restructuring. The study concludes that AI should be viewed not as a threat but as a catalyst for workforce transformation, provided organizations invest in reskilling and ethical AI adoption.

Keywords: Artificial Intelligence (AI), Employment, Automation, Workforce Transformation, Job Displacement, Skill Development

INTRODUCTION

Artificial Intelligence has emerged as a powerful technological force reshaping organizational operations and employment structures. AI technologies such as machine learning, robotics, chatbots, and predictive analytics are increasingly used to automate repetitive tasks, reduce operational costs, and improve decision-making accuracy.

However, the growing adoption of AI has created a dual impact on employment. On one hand, it reduces the demand for traditional and routine jobs; on the other, it creates new employment opportunities in technology-driven roles requiring analytical and digital skills. In a developing economy like India, where employment generation is critical, understanding the impact of AI on workforce dynamics becomes essential.

This study focuses on examining employee perceptions regarding AI-driven job displacement, job creation, skill requirements, productivity, and job security across major industries.

Objectives of the Study

1. To analyze the impact of Artificial Intelligence on job displacement and job creation.
2. To examine changes in skill requirements due to AI adoption.
3. To study employee perceptions regarding AI and job security.
4. To analyze the relationship between AI adoption and employee productivity.

5. To suggest strategies for managing AI-driven workforce transformation.

Scope of the Study

The study covers the impact of AI on employment in IT, manufacturing, retail, banking, healthcare, and service sectors. It examines job creation, automation-related job loss, changing skill requirements, productivity, and workforce adaptability. The study includes low-skilled, medium-skilled, high-skilled employees, and gig workers. The research focuses on the Indian employment context from 2020–2025 and predicts trends for 2025–2035, with reference to global developments.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

- a) **Research Design:** Descriptive and analytical
- b) **Sample Size:** 150 employees
- c) **Sampling Technique:** Convenience sampling
- d) **Data Collection:** Structured questionnaire and interviews
- e) **Sources of Data:**
 - Primary Data – Questionnaire
 - Secondary Data – Journals, reports, book
- f) **Tools for Analysis:** Percentage analysis and correlation analysis

Hypotheses

- 1. **H₀ (Null Hypothesis):** There is no significant relationship between AI adoption and employment trends.
- 2. **H₁ (Alternative Hypothesis):** There is a significant relationship between AI adoption and employment trends.

Analysis and Interpretation

Table 1: Employee Opinion on AI and Job Displacement

Question: “AI and automation will reduce the number of traditional jobs.”

Response Category	No. of Employees	Percentage
Strongly Agree	50	33%
Agree	45	30%
Neutral	25	17%
Disagree	20	13%
Strongly Disagree	10	7%
Total	150	100%

63% of employees believe AI may reduce traditional jobs, reflecting concerns about automation replacing human roles.

Table 2: Employee Opinion on AI and Job Creation

Question: “AI will create new job opportunities in technology and analytics.”

Response Category	No. of Employees	Percentage
Strongly Agree	55	37%
Agree	60	40%
Neutral	20	13%
Disagree	10	7%
Strongly Disagree	5	3%
Total	150	100%

77% agree that AI creates new jobs, indicating awareness of emerging AI-driven roles.

Table 3: Employee Opinion on Skill Requirements

Question: “AI adoption requires significant upskilling for employees.”

Response Category	No. of Employees	Percentage
Strongly Agree	70	47%
Agree	55	37%
Neutral	15	10%
Disagree	7	5%
Strongly Disagree	3	2%
Total	150	100%

84% acknowledge that upskilling is essential, showing that AI is shifting skill requirements rapidly.

Table 4: Employee Opinion on AI and Productivity

Question: “AI tools improve productivity and workplace efficiency.”

Response Category	No. of Employees	Percentage
Strongly Agree	65	43%
Agree	60	40%
Neutral	15	10%

Disagree	7	5%
Strongly Disagree	3	2%
Total	150	100%

83% believe AI enhances workplace performance, showing widespread acceptance of AI's benefits.

Table 5: Employee Opinion on AI and Job Security

Question: "AI makes me feel uncertain about my long-term job security."

Response Category	No. of Employees	Percentage
Strongly Agree	40	27%
Agree	50	33%
Neutral	30	20%
Disagree	20	13%
Strongly Disagree	10	7%
Total	150	100%

60% of employees feel insecure about their long-term job stability, highlighting anxiety associated with AI automation.

Correlation Analysis

Variables (X)	Variables (Y)	Correlation (r)	Relationship
AI Adoption	Job Displacement	0.69	Strong Positive
AI Adoption	Job Creation	0.74	Strong Positive
AI Adoption	Skill Requirement	0.82	Very Strong Positive
AI Adoption	Employee Productivity	0.79	Strong Positive
AI Adoption	Job Security Concern	0.66	Moderate Positive
Overall AI Impact	Overall Employment Change	0.76	Strong Positive

Interpretation:

Interpretation of Correlation Analysis The correlation analysis reveals a strong positive relationship between Artificial Intelligence adoption and key employment variables. AI adoption is highly correlated with skill requirements ($r = 0.82$), indicating that increased use of AI significantly raises the need for employee upskilling and reskilling.

A strong positive correlation is also observed between AI adoption and job creation ($r = 0.74$) and employee productivity ($r = 0.79$), suggesting that while AI automates certain tasks, it simultaneously generates new employment opportunities and improves work efficiency.

The positive correlation between AI adoption and job displacement ($r = 0.69$) and job security concerns ($r = 0.66$) highlights employee anxiety regarding automation. Overall, the results confirm that AI has a significant and multidimensional impact on employment trends and workforce dynamics.give in simple

FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION

- 1) AI increases concerns related to job displacement.
- 2) AI simultaneously creates new technology-driven jobs.
- 3) Upskilling and reskilling are critical for workforce survival.
- 4) AI significantly improves employee productivity.
- 5) Job security anxiety exists among employees.
- 6) Workforce structure is shifting toward knowledge-based roles.
- 7) Younger employees show higher adaptability to AI.
- 8) AI benefits IT and finance sectors more than manufacturing.
- 9) Organizations lack adequate AI training programs.
- 10) AI acts as a strategic tool for organizational efficiency.

Suggestions

- 1) Implement continuous AI training programs.
- 2) Encourage human–AI collaboration instead of replacement.
- 3) Introduce structured reskilling initiatives.
- 4) Improve digital literacy across all job levels.
- 5) Create new AI-based career paths.
- 6) Communicate AI strategies clearly to employees.
- 7) Encourage innovation and creativity.
- 8) Government should support AI skill development.
- 9) Ensure ethical use of AI in HR decisions.
- 10) Maintain balance between automation and human roles.

CONCLUSION

The study concludes that Artificial Intelligence has a profound impact on employment trends and workforce dynamics. While AI leads to job displacement in routine roles, it also creates new opportunities in high-skill domains and significantly enhances productivity. The correlation analysis confirms a strong relationship between AI adoption and employment transformation. Therefore, AI should be embraced as a catalyst for growth, supported by continuous skill development, ethical practices, and strategic workforce planning.

REFERENCES

1. Brynjolfsson, E., & McAfee, A. (2014). *The Second Machine Age*. MIT Press.
2. Davenport, T. H., & Ronanki, R. (2018). Artificial intelligence for the real world. *Harvard Business Review*.
3. Bessen, J. (2019). AI and jobs: The role of demand. NBER Working Paper.
4. OECD (2021). *Artificial Intelligence and Employment*.
5. PwC (2018). *Workforce of the Future: The Competing Forces Shaping 2030*.
6. Wilson, H. J., & Daugherty, P. (2018). Collaborative intelligence. *Harvard Business Review*.
7. World Economic Forum (2020). *The Future of Jobs Report*.
8. McKinsey (2017). *A Future That Works: Automation, Employment, and Productivity*.
9. Arntz, M., Gregory, T., & Zierahn, U. (2016). The risk of automation for jobs. *OECD Social, Employment and Migration Papers*.
10. Frey, C. B., & Osborne, M. (2017). The future of employment. *Technological Forecasting & Social Ch*